MONTENEGRO

PODGORICA

tourism guide

CAPITAL CITY OF
PODGORICA

Tourism Organisation Podgorica

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PODGORICA

TOURISM GUIDE

katalog turističke ponude

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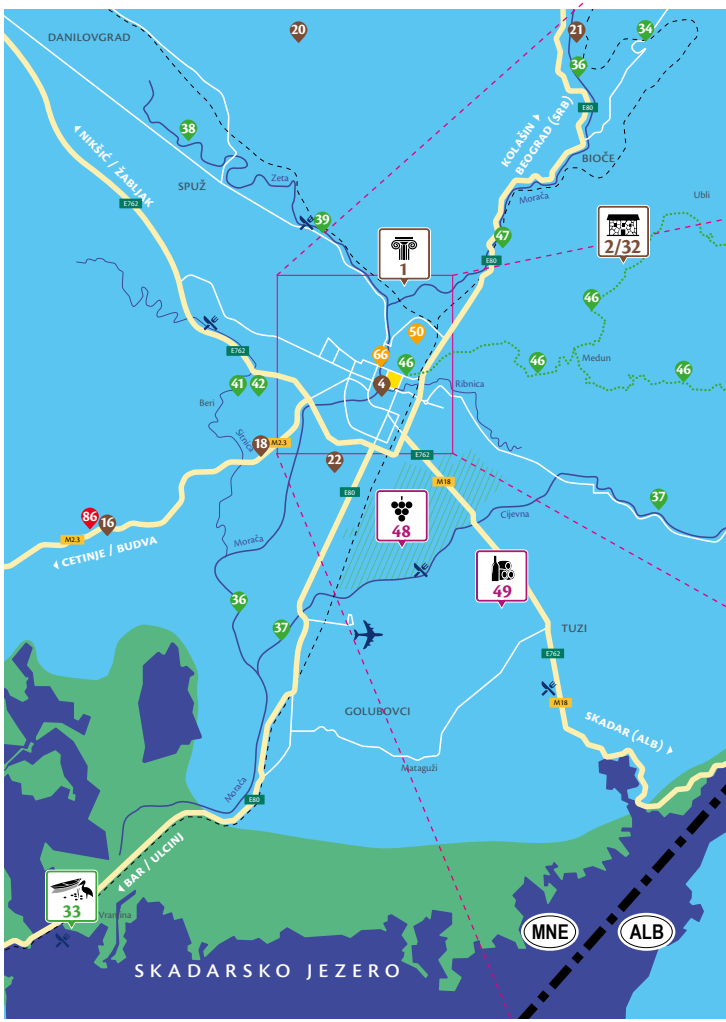
DOBRO DOŠLI U PODGORICU

Glavni grad Podgorica je administrativni, univerzitetski, kulturni i ekonomski centar Crne Gore. Poprište je brojnih kulturnih, pozorišnih, filmskih i sportskih događaja i manifestacija međunarodnog karaktera. Smještena je na površini od 1.492 km² ili 10,47 % ukupne teritorije, u dolinama pet rijeka Morače, Zete, Ribnice, Cijevne i Sitnice, okružena sa tri jezera: Skadarskim , Bukumirskim i Rikavačkim. Izuzetan geografski položaj i blizina evropskih centara, specifična i ugodna mediteranska klima i geomorfološka dispozicija doprinosi složenoj i povoljnoj integrisanoj ekološkoj sredini. Udaljenost od Jadranskog mora 60 km i Skadarskog jezera 19 km. Izuzetno dobra pozicija i saobraćajna povezanost sa jugom i zaleđem i relativno mala udaljenost od vazdušnih luka: Aerodrom Podgorica (12 km), Aerodrom Tivat (81 km), Aerodrom Ćilipi–Dubrovnik (153 km). Uz pogodnosti mediteranske klime, ima veliki broj sunčanih dana u godini i relativno malu količinu padavina. Svrstava se među najtoplije krajeve u Evropi. Podgoricu krasi i raznovrstan biljni i životinjski svijet, kao i bogatstvo zelenih površina i park zona.

WELCOME TO PODGORICA

Capital City of Podgorica is an administrative, university, cultural and economic center of Montenegro. It is a scene of numerous cultural, theatrical, film and sports events and manifestations of international type. It is situated on the surface of 1492 square kilometers of the whole territory, in the valleys of five rivers: Moraca, Zeta, Cijevna, Ribnica and Sitnica, surrounded by three lakes: Skadarsko, Bukumirsko and Rikavacko. An exquisite geographic position and closeness of European centers, specific and pleasant Mediterranean climate and geomorphologic disposition, contribute to the multiplex and convenient integration of ecologic surroundings. It is defined by good position and traffic connection with south and hinterland. Distance from the Adriatic Sea (60 km) and Skadar lake (19 km). Extremely good position and relatively small distance from airports: Aiport Podgorica (12 km), Airport Tivat (81 km) and Airport Cilipi/Dubrovnik (153 km). Along with conveniences of Mediterranean climate, a large number of sunny days during the year, while the level of precipitation is relatively small. Podgorica is aligned with the warmest regions of the Europe. Podgorica is embellished by diverse and rich wildlife, as also by the richness of green surfaces and park zones.

PODGORICA Подгорица



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Centar Grada / City Center
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Obilaznice / Transits
Rijeke / Rivers
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Parkovi i šume / Parks and forests
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Biciklistički pravci / Cycling routes
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ROGAMI
DUKLJA
ZETA
MORAČA
VRANIĆI
LUŽANI
TOLOŠI
BLOK 9
BLOK 6
BLOK 5
Malo brdo
Tološka šuma
SADINE
MOMIŠIĆI
ZAGORIČ
Zlatička šuma
Gorica
MASLINE
KOLAŠIN / BEOGRAD (SRBIJA)
Medun / Kuči
IBRIČEVINA
RIBNICA
KONIK
CITY KVART
NIKŠIĆ / ŽABLJAK
GORNJA GORICA
DRAČ
STARI AERODROM
DAHNA
Ljubović
ZABJELO
TUZI / SKADAR (ALB)
TUŠKI PUT
CETINJE / BUDVA
DONJA GORICA
Trim staza
DAJBABE
ZELENIKA
BAR / ULCINJ
Turističke informacije / Tourist info
Prva pomoć ili bolnica / First aid or Hospitals
Policija/ Police
Park / Park
Pozorište / Theatre
Muzeji i galerije / Museum, galleries
Autobuska stanica/Bus station
Železnička stanica/Train station
Nadkriveni parking / Parking garage
Pošta / Post office
Hotel / Accomodation
Restaurant

Duklja

Na četiri kilometra od centra Podgorice na širokom platou između rijeka Morače, Zete i Širalije, nalaze se ostaci antičke Dokleje, iz prve decenije I vijeka nove ere. Od IV vijeka, na istočnoj strani grada, izdvaja se prostor na kom žive hrišćani, nastaju crkve i velika episkopska bazilika. Pojedini dragocjeni primjerci pronađenog grobnog inventara – posude od keramike i stakla, djelovi nakita, oruđe, oružje i novac, čine dio stalne postavke Muzeja grada. Antička Duklja uvedena je u svjetsku arheologiju otkrivanjem čuvene Podgoričke čaše koja se danas čuva u ruskom muzeju Ermitaž. Prva arheološka ispitivanja započeta su krajem XIX vijeka i dalje traju.

Doclea

Four kilometers far from the center of Podgorica, there are the remains of ancient Doclea, set on a wide plateau between the rivers Moraca, Zeta and Siralija, in the first decade of the I century AD. From the IV century AD, on the eastern side of the city, an area where Christians lived sprang up, giving rise to churches, and a large Episcopal basilica. Some valuable examples of found grave inventory - vessels of pottery and glass, jewelery parts, tools, weapons and money, are part of the permanent exhibition of the Museum of the city. Ancient Doclea was introduced in world archeology by discovery of the famous Podgorica glass, which is now kept in the Hermitage, the Russian Museum. The first archaeological investigations began in the late XIX century and still are going.

Medun

Stari grad Medun se nalazi na oko 12 kilometara sjeveroistočno od Podgorice, u oblasti Kuča. Poznato je po spomeničkom kompleksu koji čine ostaci ilirskog grada Meteona, crkva Sv. Nikole i rodna kuća Marka Miljanova, znamenitog junaka i književnika, danas memorijalni muzej grada. Meteon je bio jedan od centara ilirskog plemena Labeata koje je vladalo čitavim skadarskim basenom. Nastao je krajem IV ili početkom III vijeka prije nove ere, na teško pristupačnom grebenu koji dominira u medunskom polju. Između ostataka utvrđenja nalazi se crkva Svetog Nikole, podignuta početkom XVIII vijeka, po predanju na temeljima neke starije crkve.

Medun

The Old town Medun is situated about 12 kilometers north-east from Podgorica, in the Kuci area. It is known for its monumental complex that consists of the remains of the Illyrian city Meteon, St. Nikola`s Church and the birthplace of Marko Miljanov, a hero and famous writer, now a memorial museum of the city. Meteon was one of the centers of the Illyrian tribes Labeati that ruled the Skadar Lake basin. It was founded in the late IV or early III century BC, on the almost inaccessible reef that dominates the Medun field. Among the remains of the fort is the church of St. Nikola, built in the early XVIII century, according to tradition, on the foundations of an older church.

Stara varoš i Sahat kula

Stara Varoš je bila jezgro Podgorice u periodu osmanlijske vlasti (1474–1879) u urbanim i arhitektonskim formama grada, običajima, načinu života i orijentalnim karakteristikama. Simbol Stare Varoši je Sahat kula, građevina koja se nalazi na Trgu Bećir-bega Osmanagića. Sagradio ju je u XVIII vijeku Hadži Mehmed – paša Osmanagić.

Old Town & Clock Tower

The Old Town was a core of Podgorica in the period of Ottoman reign (1474–1879) with urban and architectural forms of the city, customs, lifestyle and oriental characteristics. The symbol of Old Town is the Clock Tower, the building located in the Square of Becir Beg Osmanagic. It was built in the XVIII century by Hadzi Mehmed - Pasha Osmanagic.

Sastavci i Most na Sastavcima

Most na Sastavcima je najstariji most u Podgorici. Smješten je u srcu glavnog grada i prema istorijskim činjenicama nastao je još za vrijeme rimske vladavine. Sagrađen je od jednog luka, a visok je svega par metara. Kako se vjeruje građen je od riječnog kamenja. Most je obnovljen negdje u prvoj polovini XVIII vijeka od strane Hafis-paše Osmanagića. Ovo romantično mjesto Podgoričani posebno vole, a mlađe generacije ga popularno još zovu i Skaline.

Sastavci & Bridge on Sastavci

The bridge on Sastavci is the oldest bridge in Podgorica. It is located in the heart of the capital and according to historical facts It was built in the period of the Roman reign. It was built from a single port, and it is only a few meters high. It is believed to be built of river stones. The bridge was rebuilt in the first half of the XVIII century by Hafis Pasha Osmanagic. People from Podgorica especially love this favorite romantic place that began to be called more popularly Skaline by younger generation.

9

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Spomenici

Okruženi zelenim površinama i građevinama starim nekoliko decenija, Podgoricu krase mnogobrojni spomenici. Najznačajniji spomenici u gradskom jezgru su: Svetom Petru Cetinjskom (1), Petru II Petroviću Njegošu (2), Kralju Nikoli (3), Partizanu-borcu (4), Vladimiru Visockom 5), Karađorđu (6), Aleksandru Puškinu i Nataliji Gončarovoj (7), Francu Prešernu (8), Josipu Brozu Titu (9), Valtazaru Bogišiću (10), Marku Miljanovu (11) i Ivanu Crnojeviću (12). Spomenik Ivanu Crnojeviću okružen je parkom koji se nalazi u neposrednoj blizini Gimnazije „Slobodan Škerović". Gimnazija je osnovana 1907. godine i najstarija je prosvjetna ustanova u glavnom gradu Crne Gore.

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4 PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

2

Palim borcima Lješanske nahije

7

Oro

11

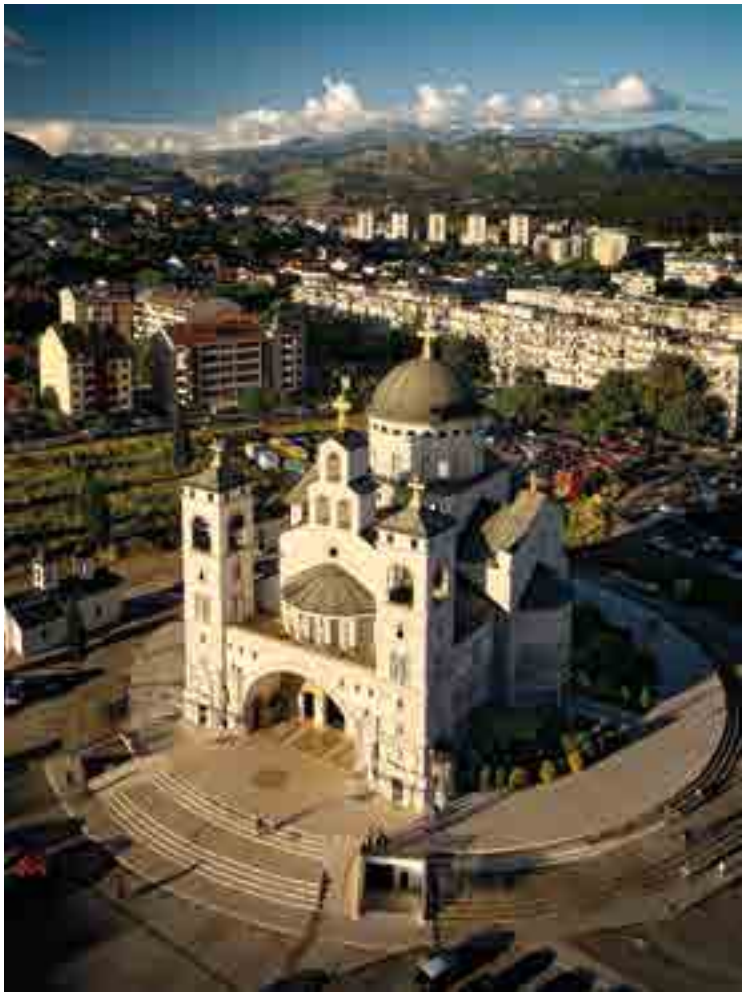
8

3

12

Monuments

Surrounded by green spaces and several decades old buildings, Podgorica is adorned with numerous monuments. The most important monuments in city center are: St. Petar Cetinjski (1), Petar II Petrovic Njegos (2), King Nikola (3), Partisan the Warrior (4), Vladimir Visotsky (5), Karadjordje (6), Alexander Pushkin and Natalia Goncharova (7), Franc Preseren (8), Josip Broz Tito (9), Valtazar Bogišić (10), Marko Miljanov (11) and Ivan Crnojevic (12). Ivan Crnojevic monument is surrounded by a park, located in the immediate vicinity of Gimnazyum "Slobodan Skerović". The gymnasium was built in 1907 and is the oldest educational institution in the capital of Montenegro.



Saborni Hram Hristovog Vaskrsenja i Crkva Svetog Spasa

Saborni hram Hristovog Vaskrsenja u Podgorici svojom monumentalnošću, arhitekturom i umjetničkom vrijednošću, jedinstvena je, nova, sakralna građevina. Izgradnja hrama započela je 1993. godine i trajala je punih 20 godina. Hramom dominiraju dva pirga - kule visine po 26,7 metara, u čijim potkrovljima je smješteno 17 zvona. Najgabaritnije je teško 11 tona i najveće je zvono na Balkanu. U podnožju pirgova nalaze se paraklisi (male crkve), posvećene Svetom Simeonu Mirotočivom (u njemu se nalazi krstionica) i Svetom Jovanu Vladimiru.

Cathedral of Resurrection of Christ & Church of Holy Savior

Cathedral of the Resurrection of Christ in Podgorica, with its monumental, architectural and artistic value, is a unique, new, religious building. Construction of the temple began in 1993 and lasted for 20 years. The temple is dominated by two pirgs – towers, that are 26.7 meters high, and 17 bells are situated in its loft. The weight of the haviest one is around 11 tons and it is the largest bell in Balkan. At foot of the pirgs are chapels (small churches), dedicated to St. Simeon (with baptisery) and to St. Jovan Vladimir.

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1

Manastiri

Manastir Ćelija Piperska (1) podignut je 1637. u blizini sela Crnci, na stijeni sa koje se pruža izvanredan pogled na Bjelopavlićku ravnicu. Nedaleko od lijeve obale Morače, na udaljenosti od nekoliko kilometara sjeveroistočno od Bioča, u istoimenom selu, nalazi se manastir Duga (2), sa crkvom posvećenom Uspenju Bogorodice. Dajbabe (3) je pravoslavni manastir posvećen Uspenju Bogorodice i nalazi se nedaleko od Podgorice u blizini sela po kojem je dobio ime.

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Monasteries

The monastery Celija Piperska (1) was built in 1637, near the village of Crnci, on the rock which provides a magnificent view of the Bjelopavlici Valley. Not far from the left bank of the river Moraca, several kilometers northeast of Bioce, in the same village, there is the monastery Duga (2), with a church dedicated to the Assumption of the Virgin. Monastery Dajbabe (3) is the orthodox monastery dedicated to the Assumption of the Virgin and is located not far from Podgorica, near the village it was named after.

Pravoslavne crkve

Crkva Sv. Đorđa, smještena u podnožju Gorice, brda po kom je grad dobio ime, izgrađena je između IX i XI vijeka. Unutrašnjost je oslikana freskama koje su djelo anonimnog slikara. Crkva Svetog Velikomučenika Dimitrija (str. 21) je pridvorna crkva pri Zimskom dvorcu na Kruševcu u Podgorici. Bila je porodična kapela Petra I Petrovića.

Orthodox churches

Church of St. George (prev. page), located at the foot of Gorica Hill, that the town was named after, was built between IX and XI century. The inside is decorated with frescoes that are the work of an anonymous artist. The Church of Saint Demetrius is the court church at the Winter Palace in Krusevac in Podgorica. It was a family chapel of Peter I Petrovic.

Katolička crkva

Rimokatolička crkva je smještena u podgoričkom naselju Konik. Posvećena je Presvetom Srcu Isusovom i broji nešto manje od 2.000 vjernika.

Catholic church

The Roman Catholic Church (prev. page) is situated in Podgorica- Konik. It is dedicated to the Sacred Heart of Jesus and has less than 2,000 believers.

Džamije

Skender Čauševa – Starodoganjska džamija sagrađena je krajem XV vijeka. Osmanagića džamiju (str. 25) kao i Sahat kulu podigao je hadži Mehmed-paša Osmanagić, krajem XVIII vijeka. U dvorištu džamije nalazi se Turbe graditelja, Mehmed - paše Osmanagića, gdje je i pokopan. U toku Drugog svjetskog rata bombardovanjem je doživjela veliko oštećenje, i u ruševnom stanju je bila sve do 1997. godine kada je temeljno renovirana.

Mosques

The Skender Causeva – Starodoganjska Mosque (prev. page) was built in the late xv century. The Osmanagic Mosque and the Clock tower were built by Hadzi Mehmed - pasha Osmanagic in the late xviii century. Mehmed Pasha Osmanagic built a tomb for himself in the court-yard of the mosque. During World War II bombing has caused extensive damage, and it was in ruins up to 1997, when it was thoroughly renovated.

Prirodnjački muzej

U izložbenoj galeriji Prirodnjačkog muzeja Crne Gore, 2019. godine, otvorena je stalna postavka pod nazivom „Kad priroda priča", koja predstavlja svojevrstan prikaz stijena, minerala, kao i fosilnih i recentnih predstavnika živog svijeta sa područja Crne Gore. Glavna misija Prirodnjačkog muzeja je da afirmiše kulturno i prirodno blago, kojim Crna Gora obiluje. Svih 15 zbirki Prirodnjačkog muzeja imaju svoju uvodnu priču. Geološke zbirke pomažu da se sagleda burna geološka istorija i stvaranje ovog crnogorskog prostora, te svojim tragom vode do samih začetaka života. Biološke zbirke impresioniraju ovdašnjom ljepotom recentnog živog svijeta i predjela, te bude osjećaj ponosa i zadovoljstva što je ovaj prostor iznjedrio mnoga bića koja postoje samo u Crnoj Gori, a ujedno sačuvao i mnoge vrste koje su u ostatku svijeta prestale da postoje.

Natural History Museum

In the exhibition gallery of the Natural History Museum of Montenegro, a permanent exhibition "When nature speaks" was opened in 2019, and it is a kind of presentation of rocks, minerals, as well as fossil and recent representatives of the living world from the area of Montenegro. The main mission of the Museum of Natural History is to affirm the cultural and natural treasures that Montenegro abounds in. All 15 collections of the Natural History Museum have their own introductory story. Geological collections help to see the turbulent geological history and creation of this Montenegrin area, and with their trace they lead to the very beginnings of life. Biological collections impress with the local beauty of recent wildlife and landscapes, and there is a sense of pride and satisfaction that this area has spawned many creatures that exist only in Montenegro, and also preserved many species that ceased to exist in the rest of the world.

JU Muzeji i galerije

U okviru Muzeja grada Podgorice postoje arheološka, kulturno-istorijska, etnografska i istorijska zbirka. Muzeji i galerije se bave sistematskim istraživanjem, prikupljanjem, čuvanjem, održavanjem, sređivanjem, proučavanjem, obrađivanjem, izlaganjem, propagiranjem i publikovanjem muzejskog i galerijskog materijala, kao i unapređivanjem muzejsko-galerijske djelatnosti. Pored toga, Muzej se stara o održavanju, čuvanju i zaštiti istorijskih spomenika i spomenika kulture na području Glavnog grada Podgorice.

City Museums & Galleries

Within the City Museum of Podgorica there are archeological, cultural, historical, ethnographic and historical collections. Museums and galleries are engaged in systematic research, collection, preservation, maintenance, collating, studying, treating, exposing, promoting and publishing the museum and gallery materials, as well as improving the museum and gallery activities. In addition, the museum takes care of the maintenance, preservation and protection of historical and cultural monuments on the territory of the capital Podgorica.

Galerija Risto Stijović

Galerija Rista Stijovića (1894 – 1974), najvećeg crnogorskog vajara i utemeljivača moderne umjetnosti u Crnoj Gori osnovana je 1970. godine i smještena od 2018. godine u njegovoj rodnoj kući, u Staroj Varoši. Risto Stijović je kroz dugi niz godina ostvario svoje djelo u pet cjelina. To su žene, figure i figurine obilježene kao intimna skulptura, zatim jedan svijet različitih doživljaja, carstvo izvanrednih ptica i životinja. Uradio je brojne portrete svojih prijatelja i savremenika, te ličnosti iz Gorskog vijenca koje zauzimaju posebnu cjelinu u njegovom velikom opusu i, najzad, svoje umijeće izrazio je u nekoliko kompleksa koji pripadaju njegovom interesovanju za spomeničku javnu skulpturu.

Risto Stijovic Gallery

The Gallery of Risto Stijovic (1894 - 1974), the largest Montenegrin sculptor and founder of modern art in Montenegro, was founded in 1970 and has been located in his birth house, in Stara Varos since 2018. For many years, Risto Stijovic has accomplished his work in five parts. These are women, figures and figurines, marked as an intimate sculpture, then a world of different experiences, an empire of extraordinary birds and animals. He has made numerous portraits of his friends and contemporaries, as well as personalities from The Mountain Wreath, who make a special unit in his large oeuvre and, finally, he has expressed his skills in several complexes that are a part of his interest in monumental public sculpture.

Aleksandar Đuravčević, Instalacija (CRNA GORA)

Centar savremene umjetnosti

Smješten je u najljepšem dijelu Podgorice, u parku na Kruševcu, uz rijeku Moraču. Centralni objekat čitavog kompleksa je Dvorac Petrovića, nekadašnja rezidencija dinastije Petrović. Sagrađen je 1891. godine i ima status spomenika kulture. Kuriozitet fonda Centra savremene umjetnosti Crne Gore predstavlja fond od preko 1000 eksponata iz 60 nesvrstanih zemalja, jedinstven na prostoru Jugoistočne Evrope.

Hassan Quamrul, Tri žene (BANGLADEŠ)

Salum Ali Chuma, Vrač (TANZANIJA)

Bernard Matemera, Porodica (ZIMBABVE)

Obredni čamac plemena Muisca, 24K. zlato (KOLUMBIJA)

Center of Modern Arts

It is located in the most beautiful part of Podgorica, in the park in Krusevac by the river Moraca. The central object of the whole complex is the Palace, the former residence of the dynasty Petrovic. It was built in 1891 and has the status of cultural monument. The curiosity fund of the Center of Modern Arts of Montenegro represents a fund of over 1,000 exhibits from 60 non-aligned countries, unique in the region of Southeastern Europe.

Moderna galerija

U okviru Moderne galerije sakupljena su i izložena djela koja na najbolji način ilustruju razvoj moderne umjetnosti kao i najznačajnije umjetničke pravce i uticaje koji su se desili u crnogorskoj umjetnosti u drugoj polovini XX vijeka. U postavci se nalaze djela Petra Lubarde, Mila Milunovića, Fila Filipovića, Dada Đurića i velikog broja drugih, značajnih predstavnika crnogorske moderne umjetnosti. Galerija je smještena u samom centru grada, u ulici Marka Miljanova.

Modern Gallery

The Modern Gallery has collected and exhibited works that best illustrate the development of modern art, as well as the most significant artistic trends and influences that occurred in Montenegrin art in the second half of the 20th century. The exhibition contains works by Petar Lubarda, Milo Milunovic, Filo Filipovic, Dado Djuric, as well as a great number of other significant representatives of Montenegrin modern art. The gallery is located in the city center, in Marko Miljanov Street.

Muzej Marka Miljanova (MEDUN)

Muzej Marka Miljanova otvoren je 1971. godine. Nalazi se u rodnoj kući čuvenog crnogorskog vojvode i pisca, u podnožju antičkog grada Meduna, jednog od najstarijih naselja u ovom dijelu Balkana. Marko Miljanov bio je poznata crnogorska istorijska ličnost i književnik. U muzeju su fotografski prikazani detalji iz života, lični predmeti – nošnja, oružje, nakit; zbirka rukopisa, izdanja njegovih djela, kao i biblioteka sa oko šest hiljada knjiga. Posjetiocima muzeja dostupan je i audio vodič na crnogorskom i engleskom jeziku.

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

Marko Miljanov Museum (MEDUN)

Marko Miljanov Museum was opened in 1971. It is located in the birthplace of the famous Montenegrin Duke and writer, at the foot of the ancient town of Medun, one of the oldest settlements in this part of the Balkans. Marko Miljanov was famous Montenegrin historical figure and writer. In the museum there are photographic displayed the details of life, personal items - costumes, weapons, jewelry; collection of manuscripts, editions of his works, as well as a library with about six thousand books. Visitors of the museum also have an audio guide in montenegrin and english at their disposal.

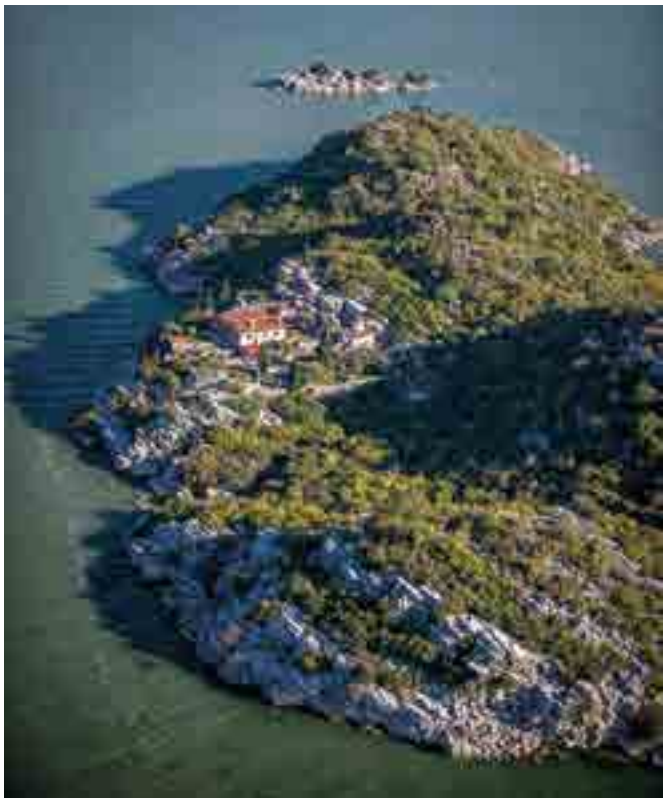
NP Skadarsko jezero

Skadarsko jezero jedan je od najznačajnijih turističkih resursa Crne Gore i Podgorice. Bogatstvo flore i faune, fenomen kriptodepresije, stanište rijetkih i ugroženih vrsta ptica, čini ga jedinstvenim u regionu, pa i šire. Posjetiocima pruža mnoga zadovoljstva i mogućnosti za rekreaciju: pješačke staze, vožnja čunom ili brodom, biciklom, odmor na plaži, posjeta ostrvskim crkvama i manastirima.

PHOTO: KRSTINJA PETRANOVIĆ

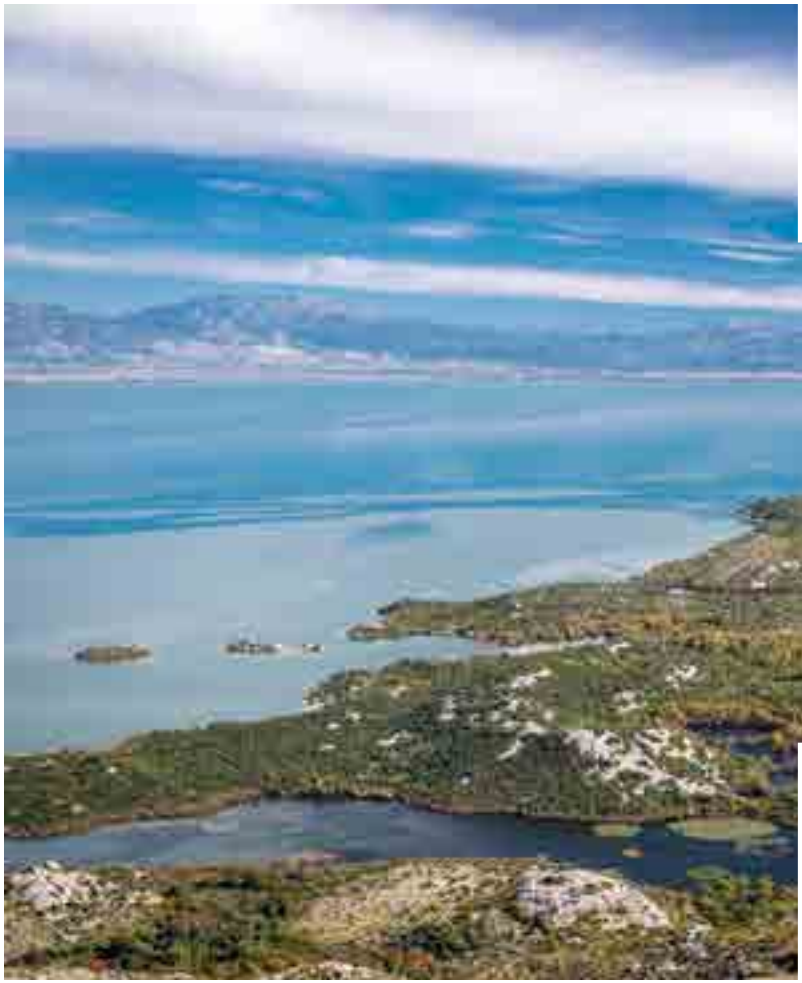
NP Skadar Lake

Skadar Lake is one of the most important tourism resources of Montenegro and Podgorica. The rich flora and fauna, the phenomenon of crypto-depression, the settlement for rare and endangered species of birds, make it unique in the region and beyond. It offers its visitors a lot of satisfaction and opportunities for recreation. There are hiking and biking trails, boat and ship cruises, rest on the beach, visits to the island's churches and monasteries.



60 ostrvaca, Manastirski kompleks

Najznačajniji manastiri na Skadarskom jezeru su: Starčevo, Beška i Moračnik i nose imena ostrva na kojima su sagrađeni. Skadarsko jezero je kriptodepresivno - neki dijelovi njegovog dna nalaze se ispod nivoa mora. To su tzv. "oka", od kojih je najdublje Raduško oko (dubine 60 m), čuveno ribolovno mjesto. Prosječna dubina jezera je oko 5 metara.



60 Islands, Monastery Complex

The most important monasteries in the Skadar Lake are: Starcevo, Beska and Moracnik and have the names of the islands on which they are built. Skadar Lake is a crypto-depression - what means that some parts of lakebed are below sea level. These are so called "eyes" (underwater spring holes), of which the deepest one Raduš is 60 m deep, and it is a famous fishing spot. The average depth of the lake is about 5 meters.

Vranjina i Centar za posjetioce

Vranjina – ostrvo i jedinstveno selo na Skadarskom jezeru poznato je kao crnogorska Venecija, zbog prirodnog ambijenta i specifične atmosfere, a vrijedi ga posjetiti zbog brojnih atrakcija u blizini. Centar za posjetice na Vranjini, smješten je u zgradi Nacionalnih parkova Crne Gore, a udaljen je oko 22 kilometra od Podgorice i do njega se stiže magistralnim putem prema Baru. Tu se nalaze reljefni prikazi svih Nacionalnih parkova Crne Gore, informacije o prirodnoj i kulturnoj baštini svakog od njih, eksponati životinjskih vrsta, kao i važni podaci o flori svih parkova. Nakon obilaska Centra posjetioci mogu uživati u šetnji ostrvom, pecanju, krstarenju Skadarskim jezerom ili uživati u gastro ponudi u nekom od nacionalnih restorana. Takođe, u neposrednoj blizini Centra nalazi se ostrvo i tvrđava Lesendro, iz 18. vijeka.

Vranjina & Visitors Center

Vranjina - an island and unique village on Lake Skadar is known as Montenegrin Venice, because of its natural ambience and specific atmosphere, and it is worth to be visited for its numerous attractions nearby. Visitors Center on Vranjina is located in the building of the National Parks of Montenegro, and is about 22 kilometers far from Podgorica and is reached by the main road towards Bar. There are reliefs of all National Parks of Montenegro, information about the natural and cultural heritage of each, exhibits of animal species, as well as important information on the flora of all the parks. After the tour through the Center, visitors can enjoy walking around the island, fishing, cruising Skadar Lake or enjoying a gastronomic offer at one of the national restaurants. Also, nearby the Center there is an island and Fort Lesendro from the 18th century.

Posmatranje ptica

Popularni birdwatching može se odvijati na Skadarskom jezeru - na pet ornitoloških stanica (Manastirska tapija, Grmožur, Omerova gorica, Crni žar, Pančevo oko). Uživanje je potpuno uz posmatranje rijetke vrste kudravog pelikana, kolonije kormorana - inače drugoj po veličini u Evropi, i još mnogih primjeraka od ukupno 270 vrsta ptica.

Birdwatching

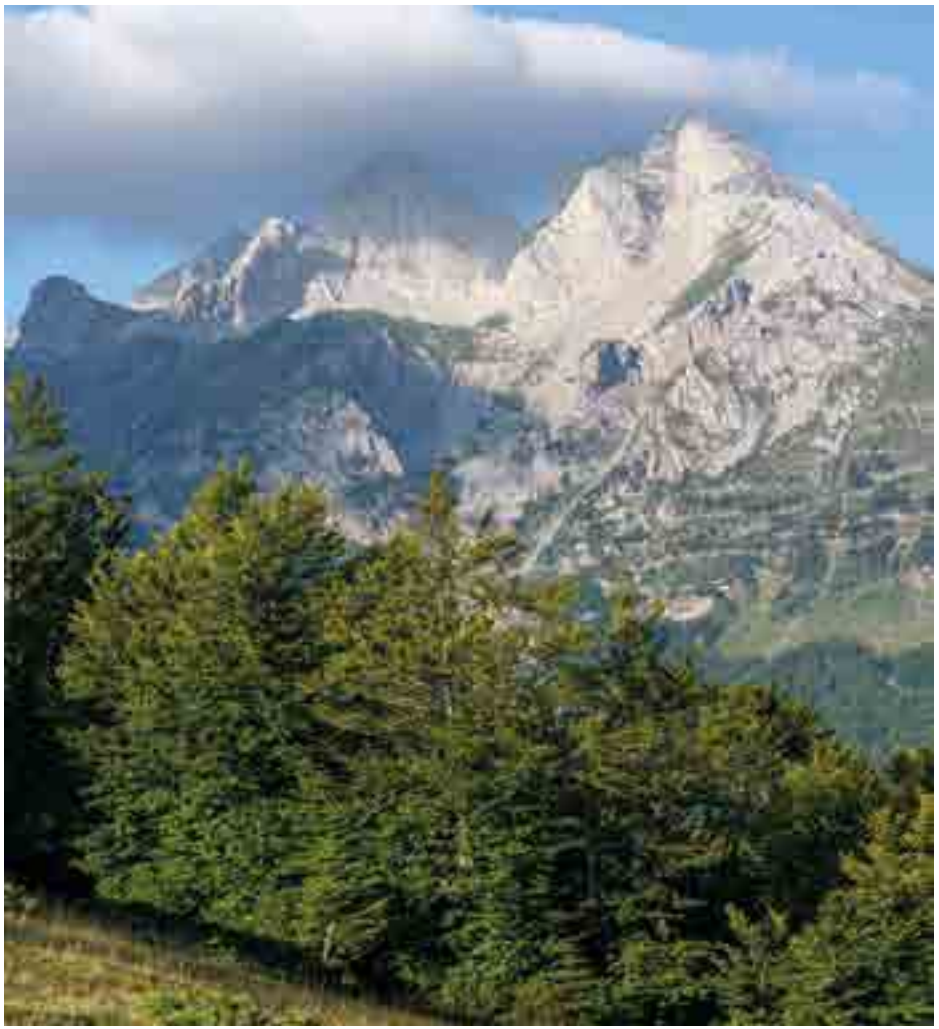
Popular birdwatching can take place on Skadar Lake – at five ornithological stations (Manastirska tapija, Grmozur, Omer Gorica, Crni zar, Pancevo oko). Enjoyment is completed by watching the curly pelican, cormorant colonies – otherwise the second largest species in Europe, and many specimens of 270 species of birds.

Sportovi na vodi

Krstarenje Skadarskim jezerom vrši se u organizaciji licenciranih preduzetnika. Brodovi polaze sa pristaništa u Vranjini, Virpazaru i Plavnici. U turističkoj ponudi je i vožnja tradicionalnim drvenim čamcima – čunovima. Sportski ribolov je prava atrakcija na Skadarskom jezeru. Tri najpopularnije vrste riba su: krap, ukljeva i jegulja. Ljubiteljima pješačenja I biciklizma na raspolaganju su desetine kilometara označenih staza. Kretanjem po markiranim stazama upoznajte sakrivene detalje i sa vidikovaca doživite spektakularne pejzaže. Staze su markirane i označene, pa ih posjetioci mogu sami koristiti.

Water Sports

Cruising is organized by licensed entrepreneurs. Boats leave from the docks in Vranjina, Virpazar and Plavnica. Driving traditional wooden boats has become a type of tourist offer. Sport fishing is a great attraction on the Skadar Lake. The three most popular types of fish are: carp, bleak and eel. For hikers and bikers, there are dozens of kilometers of marked trails. Discover the hidden details and experience the spectacular landscapes from lookout while moving on the marked trails. The trails are marked and labeled, so that visitors can use them.



Regionalni park Komovi

Planina Komovi se prostire u jugoistočnom dijelu Crne Gore, između Bjelasice i Prokletija, između rijeka Lima i Tare. Komovi su sa Durmitorom i Bjelasicom najimpozantniji masiv u dinarskom sistemu planina. Raznovrsna i jedinstvena flora i fauna, bezbroj bistrih planinskih izvora i rijeka, mnoštvo kulturnih spomenika, crkava i manastira, kao i toplina naroda koji živi pod Komovima ne mogu Vas ostaviti ravnodušnim. Takođe, za ljubitelje planinarenja i pješačenja u ponudi su označene staze za tu vrstu turističke ponude.

Regional Park of Komovi

The Komovi are stretching in the south-eastern part of Montenegro, between the mountains Bjelasica and Prokletije and the rivers Lim and Tara. Besides Durmitor and Bjelasica, the Komovi are the most impressive range in the Dinaric mountain system. Diverse and unique flora and fauna, numerous clear mountain springs and rivers, many cultural monuments, churches and monasteries, as well as the warmth of the people who live under Komovi can`t leave you indifferent. Also, for the admirers of mountaineering and hiking there are marked trails for that type of tourist offer.

Lednička jezera (Rikavačko i Bukumirsko)

Rikavačko jezero (str. 51) se nalazi na 1313 m nadmorske visine i nepristupačno je za motorna vozila. Do Bukumirskog jezera može se stići kolima. Jezero se nalazi na 1443 m nadmorske visine. Nije preveliko, ali je duboko. Od jezera, gdje je pogodno za logorovanje, vodi više markiranih staza ka vrhovima okolnih planina.

Glacial Lakes (Rikavacko & Bukumirsko)

Rikavacko lake is located at 1313 m above sea level and is inaccessible to motor vehicles. Bukumirsko lake (prev.page) can be reached by car. The lake is situated at an altitude of 1443 m. It is not particularly large but it is deep. Several marked paths from the lake lead to the peaks of surrounding mountains.

Morača

Morača je relativno mala rijeka, nešto više od 100 m široka i uglavnom plitka, pa zbog toga njen tok nije mijenjan. Njen kanjon je dio glavnog puta preko kog se sa sjevera zemlje dolazi do Podgorice i crnogorske obale. Nakon spajanja sa svojom najvećom pritokom, Zetom, sjevernije od Podgorice, Morača ulazi u Zetsku dolinu, sve dok se ne ulije u Skadarsko jezero. Morača se smatra jednim od simbola Podgorice, i najveća je rijeka koja teče kroz ovaj grad. Kanjon rijeke Morače je značajno stanište za boravak ptica.

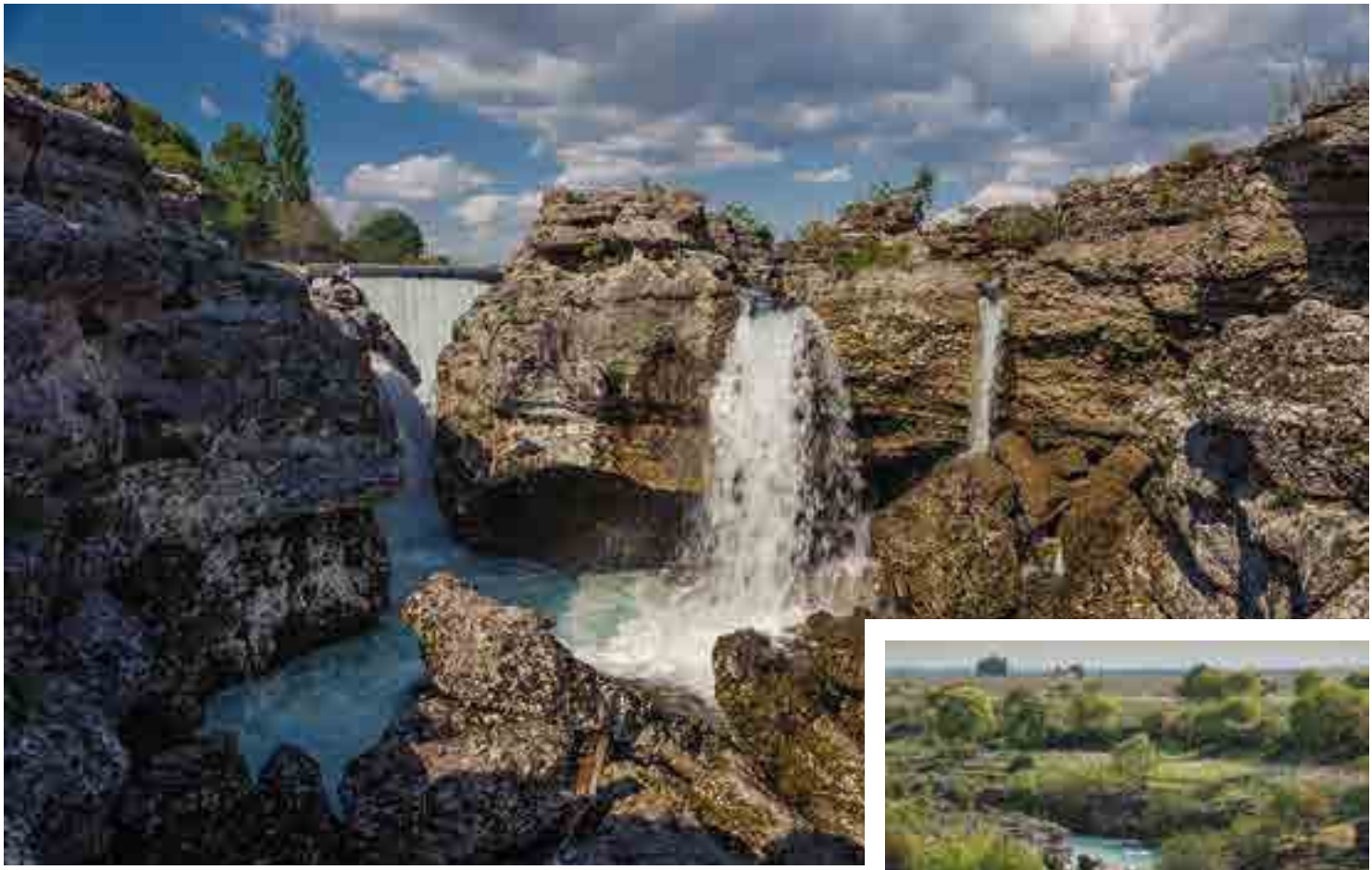
PHOTO: BIRDWATCHINGMN.ORG

Moraca

Moraca is a relatively small river, more than 100 m wide and mostly low, and therefore its flow is not altered. Its canyon is part of the main road through which we come to Podgorica and Montenegrin coast from the north. After the merger with its largest tributary, Zeta, northern of Podgorica, Moraca enters the Zeta valley, until it flows into Skadar Lake. The river Moraca is considered to be one of the symbols of Podgorica, and is the largest river flowing through the city. The canyon of the river Moraca is an important habitat for birds.

Cijevna

Lijeva pritoka Morače omiljeno je stjecište Podgoričana u vrelim ljetnjim danima. Čista rijeka i njen predivan kanjon, ponegdje toliko uzan da se iz manjeg zaleta može preskočiti, nalazi se na samo 4 km od centra grada. Vodopad kod Kuća Rakića (popularna Nijagara) visine oko deset metara, ljeti je slabašan i kupači se bezbrižno kupaju na dva-tri metra od njega.



Cijevna

Left-hand tributary of the river Moraca is the favourite gathering place of people from Podgorica, in hot summer days. Clean river and its beautiful canyon, so narrow in some places that it can be jumped over with only minor effort, is located just 4 km far from the city center. Waterfall at the House Rakic (popular Niagara) about ten metres high, is weak in the summer and bathers can swim safely two or three metres from it.

Zeta

Rijeka Zeta je duga 86 kilometara. Pri ušću ima više vode od Morače, ali je Morača duža i ima pravolinijski i površinski tok. Vode Zete su dobro hidroenergetski iskorištene u tri hidroelektrane. Na imanju od 10.000 m², uz obalu rijeke, nalazi se nacionalni restoran „Salaš 23". Restoran ima predivnu baštu, svečanu salu i dječiju igraonicu.

Zeta

River Zeta is 86 km long. At the confluence there is more water than in the river Moraca, but Moraca is longer and has a straight line and surface flow. Waters of Zeta are well used in three hydropowers. On the property of 10,000 m², along the river, there is a national restaurant „Salas 23". The restaurant has 120 seats, summer garden with 200 seats, stateroom, as well as a children's playroom.

PHOTO: KK MONTENEGRO

PHOTO: JANN ROHLAENDER

Konjički sport

Na teritoriji Glavnog grada nalaze se brojni konjički klubovi - „Budućnost" , „Mountain Riders – Podgorica" , „Vranac" i „Pony". U ponudi pojedinih klubova su škole jahanja, kao i jahanje kroz predviđene rute nadomak grada („Mountain Riders"). Sportsko konjički klub „Budućnost " nudi i hiporehabilitaciju, terapijsko jahanje kao i organizaciju inkluzivnih radionica. Na lokaciji konjičkog kluba „Pony" nalazi se i mini zoo vrt.

PHOTO: JANN ROHLAENDER

PHOTO: SKKBUDUCNOST.ME

PHOTO: SKKBUDUCNOST.ME

PHOTO: SKKBUDUCNOST.ME

PHOTO: JANN ROHLAENDER

Equestrian sport

On the territory of the Capital city there are numerous equestrian clubs - „Budućnost“, „ Mountain Riders – Podgorica“, „Vranac“ and „Pony“. Some clubs have in their offer riding schools and horse riding through the envisaged routes near the town („Mountain Riders“). Sports Equestrian Club „Buducnost“ offers hypo rehabilitaion, therapeutic riding and the organization of inclusive workshops. On the location of the Equestrian Club „Pony“ there is also a mini Zoo.

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

Pješačenje i biciklizam

Pješačko – planinarska staza Gorica–Malo brdo–Duklja i planinarska staza Žijovo, kao i gradska biciklistička staza markirane su cijelom dužinom standardizovanom markacijom. Dužina staze Gorica–Malo brdo–Duklja iznosi 11,3 km. Počinje ispred crkve Sv. Đorđa, a cilj je da se panoramskom stazom dođe do ostataka antičke Duklje. Dužina staze Žijovo iznosi 8,5 km. Počinje kod Bukumirskog jezera, a cilj su vidikovci na najvišim vrhovima planine Žijovo: Surdup (2184 m) i Štitan (2172m).

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

PHOTO: PAVLE BANDOVIĆ

PHOTO: PAVLE BANDOVIĆ

Hiking and biking

The hiking trail Gorica–Malo brdo–Duklja and the mountain trail Zijovo, as well as the bicycle path are marked all the way in a standardized manner. The trail Gorica–Malo brdo–Duklja is 11,3 kilometres long. It starts in front of the St. Djordje Church, and the goal is to follow the panoramic road until the remains of antic Duklja are reached. The Zijovo trail is 8,5 km long. It starts at the Bukumirsko lake, and the final destination are viewpoints on the peaks of the Zijovo mountain: Surdup (2184m) and Stitan (2172m).

PHOTO: MIRKO SAVKOVIĆ

PHOTO: MIRKO SAVKOVIĆ

Avanturistički park

Avanturistički park na brdu Gorica nudi staze na sajlama djeci i starijim osobama, vještačku stijenu za penjanje i platforme za sportske aktivnosti uz maksimalnu bezbjednost i osiguranje po svim standardima. Staze između drveća imaju od 10 do 15 prepreka, a maksimalna visina je 15 metara. Posjetiocima su na raspolaganju obučeni instruktori kao i neophodna oprema. U okviru kompleksa nalazi se i teretana na otvorenom, dječje igralište kao i mini restoran.

PHOTO: MIRKO SAVKOVIĆ

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Adventure Park

The adventure park on the Gorica hill offers cable-connected trails for children and the elderly, an artificial hiking cliff, as well as platforms for sport with maximum security and safety precaution standards. The trails located between the trees have 10 to 15 obstacles, with the maximum altitude of 15 meters. Visitors have experienced instructors and the necessary equipment at their disposal. The park also offers a gym in the open, a child playground and a mini restaurant.

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

Panoramski put – Krug oko Korita

„Krug oko Korita“ je prvi potpuno označen panoramski put u Crnoj Gori. Počinje u Podgorici, a vodi u planinsku oblast Kuča do visine od 1.400 m. Put je dug 65 kilometara, asfaltiran je čitavom dužinom i pogodan je za jednodnevni izlet. Najpovoljniji period za ovu rutu je od maja do oktobra, dok se u ostalim periodima godine treba unaprijed informisati o vremenskim uslovima.

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

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PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

PHOTO: KARSTEN SCHÖPFER

Panoramic road – The circuit around Korita

The circuit around Korita is the first fully signposted panoramic road in Montenegro. It starts in Podgorica, and it leads into the mountain area of Kuci up to an altitude of 1400 meters. The road is 65 kilometers long, with a high quality road along the entire way, which makes it convenient for a day trip. The best period for this route is from May to October, while in other seasons, people should be informed in advance about weather conditions.

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

Slobodno penjanje

U blizini Podgorice, u reonu sela Smokovac opremljene su staze za slobodno penjanje. Staze se nalaze na završetku kanjona rijeke Morače i udaljene su 3 kilometra od centra grada. Stijene u ovom reonu pružaju najbolje mogućnosti za penjanje kraćih, sportskih smjerova, kao i dužih smjerova do 120 m visine. Sezona penjanja počinje već krajem zime (februar, mart) i traje do kasne jeseni (novembar, decembar), mada, može se penjati i tokom cijele godine, osim u najhladnijim zimskim i najtoplijim ljetnjim danima.

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

PHOTO: MONTENEGROCLIMBING.NET

Free climbing

In the vicinity of Podgorica, in the area of the Smokovac village, there are equipped paths for free climbing. Those paths are located at the end of the Moraca river canyon, and they are 3 km away from the city center. Cliffs in this area offer the best opportunities for climbing short sport routes as well as the longer ones with a height up to 120 m. The climbing season begins as early as the end of the winter (February, March) and lasts until the late autumn (November, December), although one can climb throughout the whole year too, except in the coldest winter and the hottest summer days.

Vinogradi

Na tridesetak kilometara od Jadranskog mora, pored Skadarskog jezera, gotovo u nedogled pružaju se redovi čokota sa vinovom lozom, koji na oko 2.310 hektara oblikuju jedan od najvećih i najljepših vinograda u Evropi – Ćemovsko polje, koje se nalazi u vlasništvu Plantaža. Iako je vinograd ogroman i parcele su međusobno veoma udaljene, posjetiocima je omogućeno da ga obiđu u potpunosti, uz čašu pjenušavog vina i u laganoj vožnji turističkim vozom koji klizi kroz ovo vinogradarsko carstvo, u kojem se uzgaja 29 različitih sorti grožđa, među kojima su najznačajnije autohtone crnogorske sorte: vranac i krstač. Takođe, podgorička regija raspolaže sa nekoliko vinskih podruma i vinarija lokalnih proizvođača.

Vineyards

At 30 km from the Adriatic Sea, near Skadar Lake rows of wine with grape vines extend almost indefinitely, which at around 2,310 acres form one of the largest and most beautiful vineyards in Europe – Cemovsko field, owned by Plantaze. Although the vineyard parcels are huge and apart from each other, the visitors were able to go around it completely, with a glass of sparkling wine and a light ride on a tourist train that glides through this wine-growing empire, which grows 29 different grape varieties, among which the most important indigenous Montenegrin varieties: vranac and krstac. Also, Podgorica region has several wine cellars and wineries of local producers.

„Vinski put“ kompanije „13. Jul – Plantaže“

Ponuda objedinjuje sve ono što je potrebno za istinsko hedonističko iskustvo - posjete impresivnim vinskim podrumima, vinogradu i restoranima, pažljivo kreirano kroz nekoliko programa po ukusu svakog pojedinca, a zagarantovano uživanje u nezaboravnim mirisima i ukusima - u „bukeu“ Crne Gore. Impresivni, nadaleko čuveni vinski podrum Šipčanik, najmlađi od tri podruma kompanije, kapaciteta dva miliona litara vina, postao je zaštitni znak crnogorskih Plantaža. U samom srcu vinograda, vinski podrum ukopan u stijeni sa vodopadom na ulazu i u njemu drvene bačve pune vrhunskih vina, mjesto je koje ostavlja bez daha. Tamo goste svakog dana dočekuju obučeni vodiči, somelijeri i domaćini da podijele strast, mirise i ukuse crnogorskog podneblja pretočeno u vino i zalogaje autentične hrane pripremljene od strane čuvenih šefova i kuvara.

"Wine route" of the company "13. Jul – Plantaze"

The offer combines everything you need for a truly hedonistic experience - visits to impressive wine cellars, vineyards and restaurants, carefully created through several programs for the taste of each individual, and guaranteed enjoyment of unforgettable aromas and tastes - in the "bouquet" of Montenegro. The impressive, far-famed Sipcanik wine cellar, the youngest one of the company's three cellars, with a capacity of two million liters of wine, has become a trademark of Montenegrin Plantaze. In the very heart of the vineyard, a wine cellar buried in a rock with a waterfall at the entrance and wooden barrels full of fine wines in it, is a place that takes your breath. Trained guides, sommeliers and hosts welcome the guests every day and share with them the passion, smells and tastes of the Montenegrin climate transformed into wine and snacks of authentic food prepared by famous chefs and cooks.

PHOTO: MIRKO SAVKOVIĆ

Gorica

Park šuma Gorica nalazi se u neposrednoj blizini centra Podgorice. Predstavlja veoma popularno izletište i pravi je raj za rekreativce. Na Gorici se nalazi spomenik „Partizanu borcu“, avanturistički park, uređene pješačke, biciklističke i trim staze, kao i mediteranski vrt u kojem se posjetioci mogu upoznati sa značajnim brojem endemskih vrsta. Sa brda se pruža i divan pogled na desnu strane Morače, kao i na konture mosta Milenijum. Atraktivna je za posjetioce tokom čitave godine, ali posebno u vrelim danima, kada se u glavnom gradu Crne Gore traži hladovina i čist vazduh.

Gorica

Gorica Forest Park is located near the center of Podgorica. It is a very popular picnic area and is a true paradise for recreationists. There are Partisan the Warrior Memorial, an Adventure park, arranged hiking, biking and trim paths, as well as a Mediterranean garden where visitors can get acquainted with a significant number of endemic species. There is a magnificent view of the right side of the river Moraca, as well as the contours of the Millennium Bridge. It is attractive for visitors throughout the year, but especially in hot days, when the capital of Montenegro needs shade and clean air.

Ljubović i Dajbabska gora

Brdo Ljubović nalazi se u blizini centra Podgorice. Na izletištu, a i u neposrednoj blizini, nalaze se pješačke i biciklističke staze, putokazi, uređen mobilijar i zelene površine. Atraktivan je za posjetioce tokom čitave godine. Dajbabska gora je brdo iznad prigradskih naselja Podgorice: Zelenike, Zabjela, Dahne, Gornjih i Donjih Dajbaba i odličan je vidikovac na Podgoricu sa okolinom. Do vrha brda vodi uređena pješačka staza koja je laka za penjanje i duga pola kilometra. Najpovoljniji periodi za uspon su tokom proljeća, jeseni i zime. Na kraju staze, na visini od 172 metra nadmorske visine, nalazi se Toranj za komunikacije – Dajbabska gora.

Ljubovic & Dajbabska Gora

Ljubovic hill is located near the center of Podgorica. At the picnic area, and in the immediate vicinity, there are hiking and biking trails, signposts, arranged mobiliar and green areas. It is attractive to visitors throughout the year. Dajbabska Gora is a hill and there is a well-maintained, easy to climb and a half kilometer long hiking trail leading to its top. The viewpoint offers a beautiful view of Podgorica and its surroundings. At the end of the track, at an altitude of 172 meters above sea level, there is the Electronic Communications Tower - Dajbabska Gora. It is 55 meters high and is one of the city's most popular landmarks and attractions.

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Gradski parkovi

Prostrane zelene površine čine Podgoricu jednim od „najzelenijih" gradova u Evropi. Lijepo uređeni i održavani parkovi krase grad i pravo su mjesto za odmor i relaksaciju. Najstariji su Njegošev (1) i Karađorđev park, a najnoviji - Kraljev park (2) u centru grada, kao i Podgorički park (3) koji se prostire na 10 hiljada kvadratnih metara, od mosta Milenijum do Moskovskog mosta. Park šuma Zlatica (4) predstavlja raj za rekreativce. U prekrasnom ambijentu borove šume, uz terene za mali fudbal i druge sportove nalazi se i najduža trim staza u Crnoj Gori, duga 2,5 km. U park šumi Tološi (5) nalazi se, takođe, rekreativna staza koja je omiljena svim generacijima. Ekološki kutak novijeg datuma je šetališni plato ispred Univerziteta Crne Gore (6).

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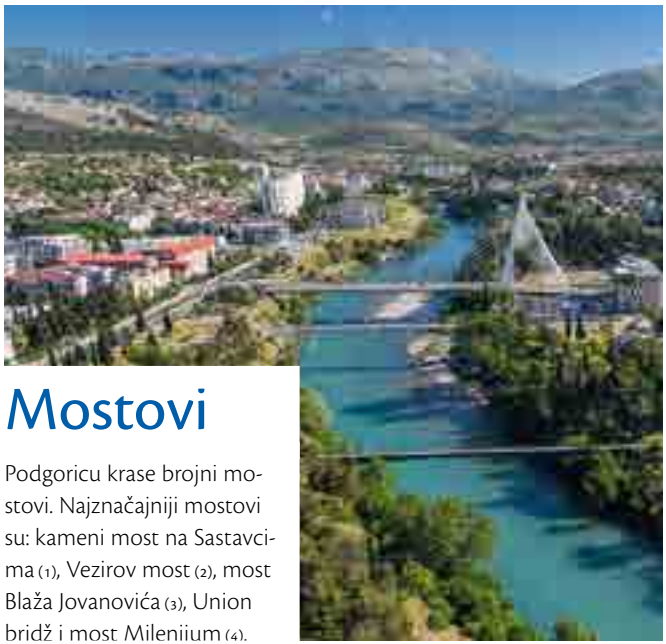
City Parks

Spacious green areas make Podgorica one of the „greenest" cities in Europe. Beautifully arranged and maintained, parks decorate the city and are the right place for rest and relaxation. The oldest are Njegos (1) and Karadjordje parks, and the latest - King's park (2) in the city center, as well as Podgorica park (3), which stretches over 10 thousand square meters, from the Millennium to the Moscow Bridge. Forest Park Zlatica (4) is a paradise for recreation. In the beautiful surroundings of pine trees, with pitches for football and other sports, there is also the longest fitness track in Montenegro, 2.5 km long. In the park forest Tolosi (5) is also located a recreational trail that is a favorite for all generations. A recent ecological corner is the pedestrian area in front of the University of Montenegro (6).

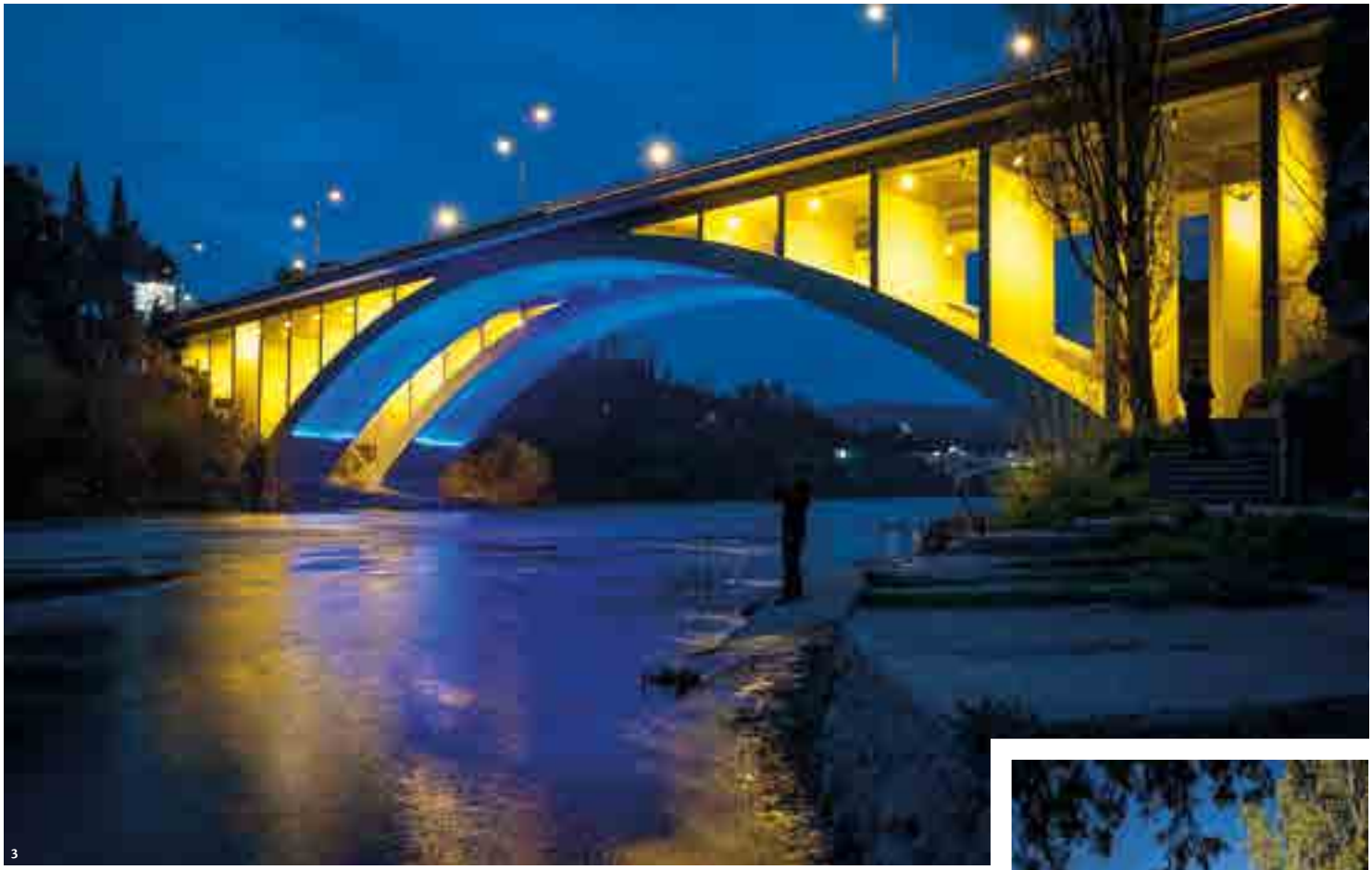


Mostovi

Podgoricu krase brojni mostovi. Najznačajniji mostovi su: kameni most na Sastavcima (1), Vezirov most (2), most Blaža Jovanovića (3), Union bridž i most Milenijum (4).

1

2



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Bridges

Podgorica has numerous bridges. Major bridges are: The Stone bridge on Sastavci (1), The Vizier`s bridge (2), The Blazo Jovanovic Bridge (3), The Union Bridge and The Millennium Bridge (4).

PHOTO: ALEKSANDAR JAREDIĆ

PHOTO: ALEKSANDAR JAREDIĆ

PHOTO: ALEKSANDAR JAREDIĆ

Noćni život

Podgorica je prepoznatljiva po velikom broju kafića, pabova, vinoteka i noćnih klubova, a Podgoričani su uvijek spremni za dobru zabavu koja traje do ranih jutarnjih časova. Centar noćnog života su ulice Hercegovačka, Njegoševa, Bokeška, Rimski trg i Capital Plaza. Večernji izlasci više se ne vezuju isključivo za dane vikenda, već je noćni život u Podgorici podjednako živ i u toku radne nedelje.

Nightlife

Podgorica is known for a great number of cafes, pubs, wineries and nightclubs, and its citizens are always ready for a good time, which lasts until the early morning hours. The center of nightlife are streets Hercegovacka, Njegoseva, Bokeska, Roman square and Capital Plaza. Nightlife in Podgorica is no longer related exclusively to the weekend, but it is equally alive during the working week.

Šoping

Podgorica je poznata kao grad koji prati svjetske trendove kada je u pitanju moda. Mnogobrojni butici u Hercegovačkoj, Njegoševoj, Slobode, kao i u Bulevaru Džordža Vašingtona u ponudi imaju najnovije kolekcije poznatih modnih kreatora. U Hercegovačkoj ulici, nalazi se i Podgorica Souvenirs Store, urbani kutak koji turistima nudi autentične suvenire glavnog grada Crne Gore. Takođe, Podgorica raspolaže sa pet šoping centara sa bogatom i raznovrsnom ponudom.

PHOTO: JOVAN MANDIĆ

Shopping

Podgorica is known as the city that follows the world trends when it comes to fashion. Numerous boutiques in the Hercegovacka, Njegoseva, Slobode, as well as George Washington Boulevard offer the latest collections of famous designers. In Hercegovacka Street, there is also the Podgorica Souvenirs Store, an urban corner that offers tourists authentic souvenirs of the capital of Montenegro. Also, Podgorica has five shopping malls with a rich and varied offer.

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